



The following maintenance information will protect your investment in a beautiful timber floor and keep your floor looking good.

- Preventative measures are very important in maintaining timber floors. Installation of a good quality mat at external doors and the use of felt protective feet on all furniture feet / bases will prevent damage to the floor. Mats should be as large as possible and capable of removing both grit and moisture.
- Removing shoes whenever possible will help reduce the overall level of wear. In very heavily trafficked areas, such as entrance halls and kitchens, the use of mats should be considered to reduce surface wear.
- Cleaning of the floor using dry cleaning methods, such as a Bona Microfibre mop, soft broom or vacuum, should be carried out regularly. Removal of surface dirt and sand should be undertaken so as to prevent the surface from being scratched.
- When required the floor can be cleaned using a neutral detergent, such as Bona Wood Floor Cleaner. First dry clean the floor to remove surface dirt, etc using the Bona Mop with a Bona dust cover or similar. Spray the surface sparingly using Wood Floor Cleaner and clean using the Bona Microfibre mop. The mop should be used along the boards throughout the floor. Ensure that the mop head is washed regularly. Do not use excessive quantities of a cleaner as excess water may damage the floor and may leave to deposits remaining on the floor after it has been cleaned.
- NEVER Wet Mop a timber floor. DAMP mop only.
- If it is noted that the surface of an area begins to look slightly dull in comparison to the remainder of the floor the use of **Bona Refresher** should be considered. Bona Refresher is designed to restore an even sheen to the floor whilst giving added protection to the surface against future traffic. Clean the floor using **Bona Wood Floor Cleaner**, or a suitable neutral cleaner, and allow the surface to dry. Apply 1, or 2, even application of **Bona Refresher**, with the boards, using the **Bona Refresher pad** on the **Bona Mop**. After 2 hours the floor may be trafficked and put back into normal use. It is important that the whole floor is treated rather than small areas. On matt sheen floors the sheen level may increase with repeated use of **Bona Refresher**.
- Regular maintenance of a floor will extend the time before refurbishment is required greatly. Refurbishment of timber flooring is usually related to damage from impact leaving indentations in the surface or deep scratching. This type of damage can be controlled using preventative measures but over time the visual appearance of the surface will deteriorate. Ideally the application of an additional coat of a **Bona** finish will be carried out before the floor is damaged to a point where a complete refinishing process is required. To refurbish the floor usually all which is required is to abrade the floor back to an even surface and to apply a single application of the appropriate finish.